

A WRF-based rapid updated cycling forecast system of BMB and its performance during the summer and Olympic Games 2008

Min Chen¹, Shui-yong Fan¹, Jiqin Zhong¹, Xiang-yu Huang², Yong-Run Guo²,

Wei Wang², Yingchun Wang¹, Bill Kuo²

¹Institute of Urban Meteorology, CMA, Beijing, China

²National Center of Atmospheric Science, Boulder, CO

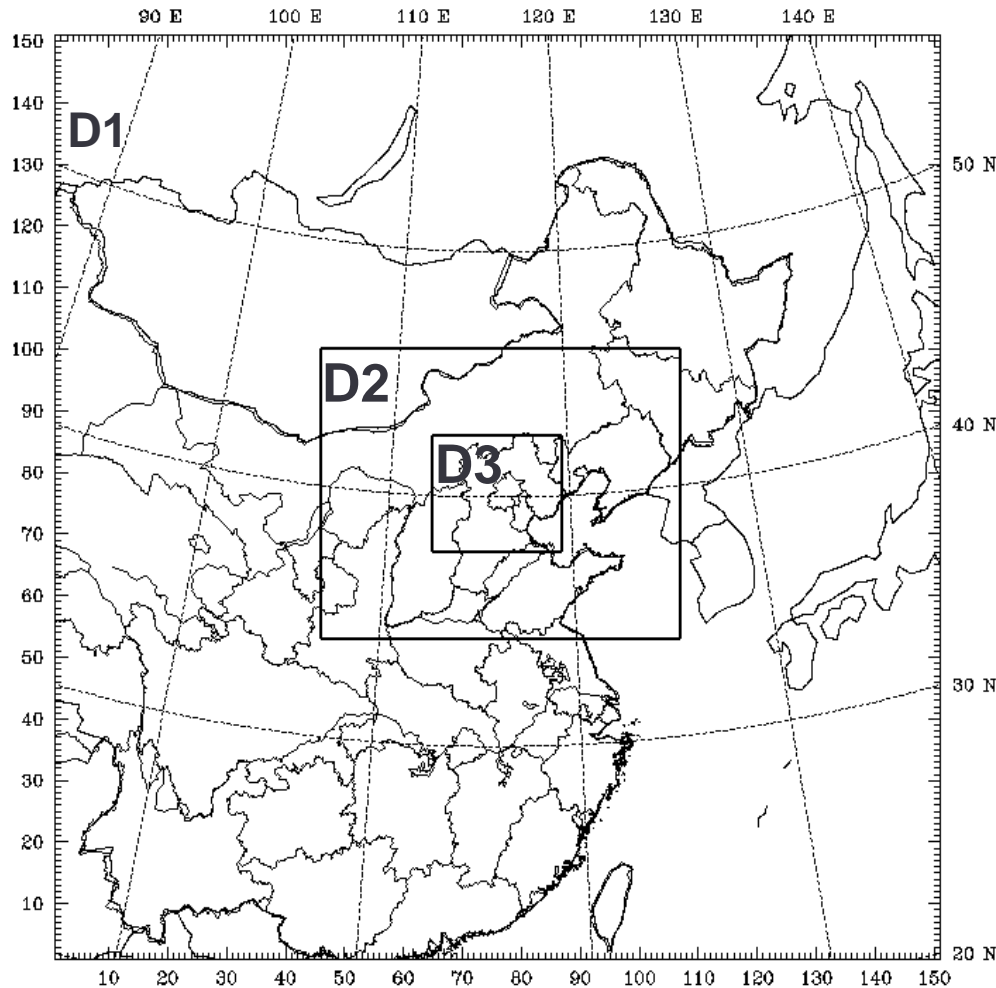
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 - ▶ Data Assimilation
 - ▶ BE tuning
 - ▶ AWS
 - ▶ AMDAR
 - ▶ GPS/IPW
- ▶ Performance during summer and the XXIX Olympic Games in 2008
 - ▶ Scores
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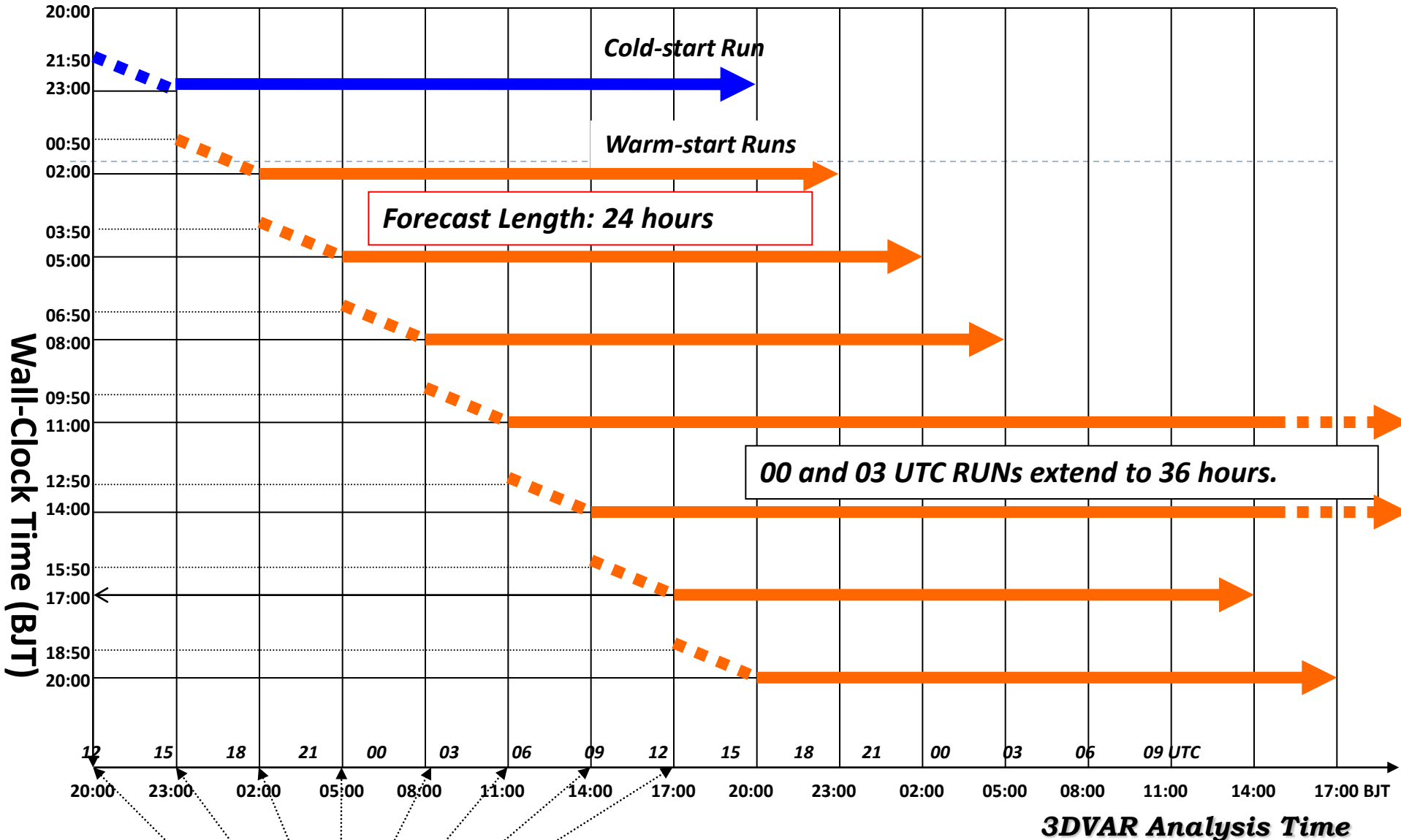
Introduction



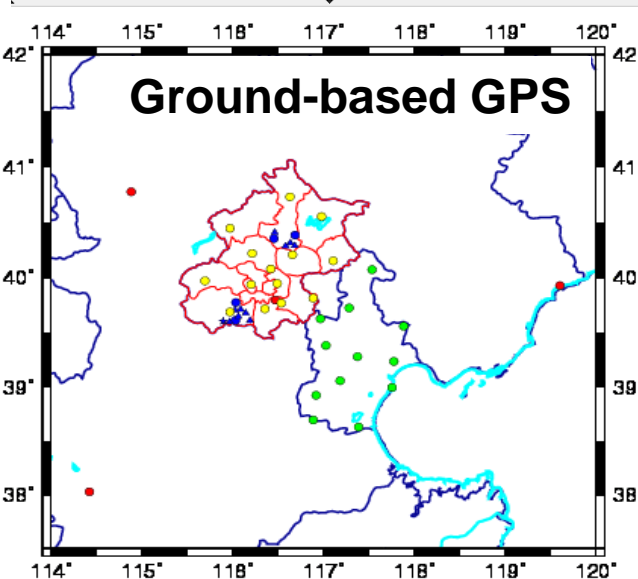
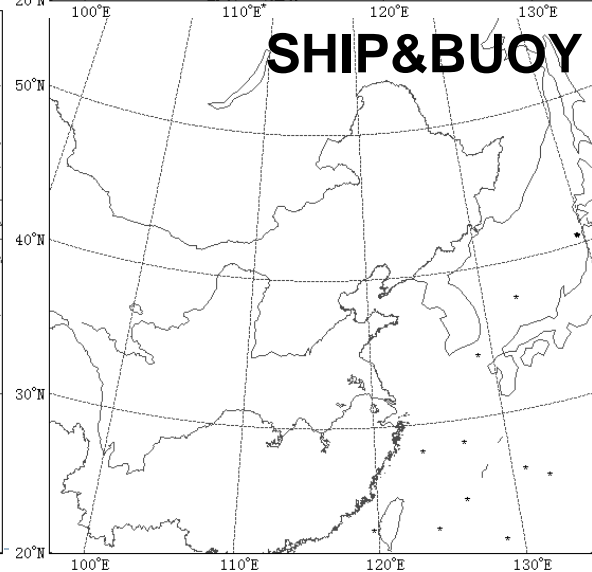
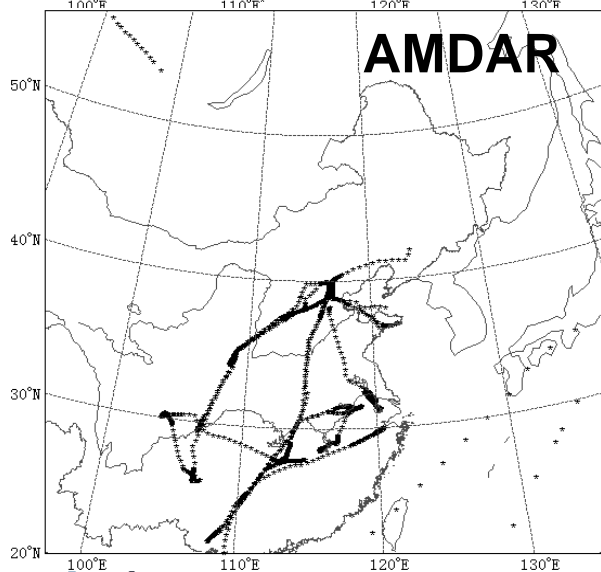
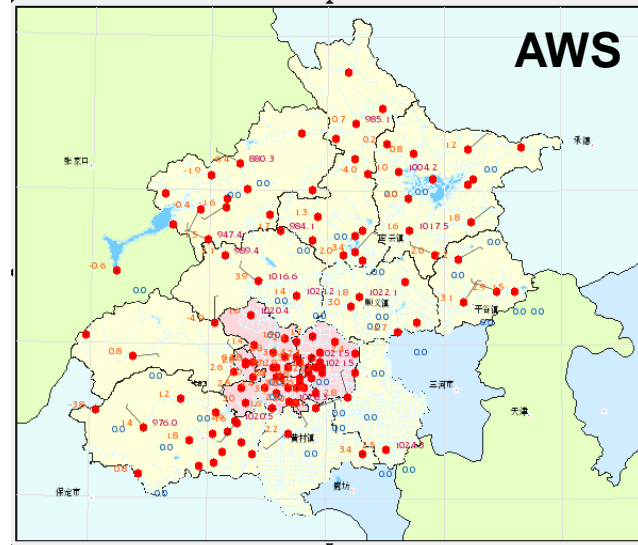
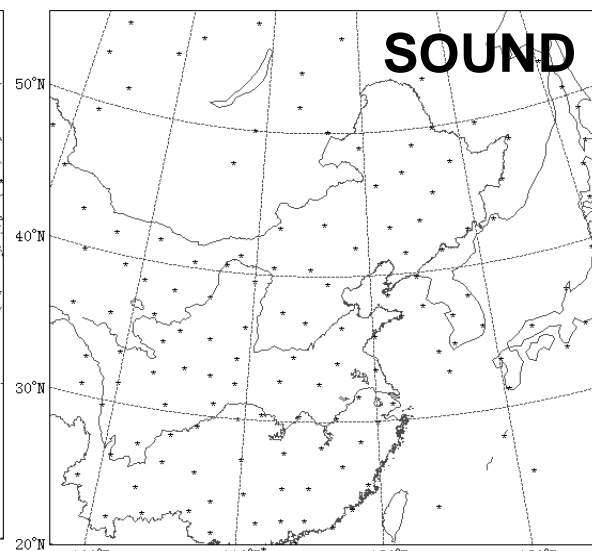
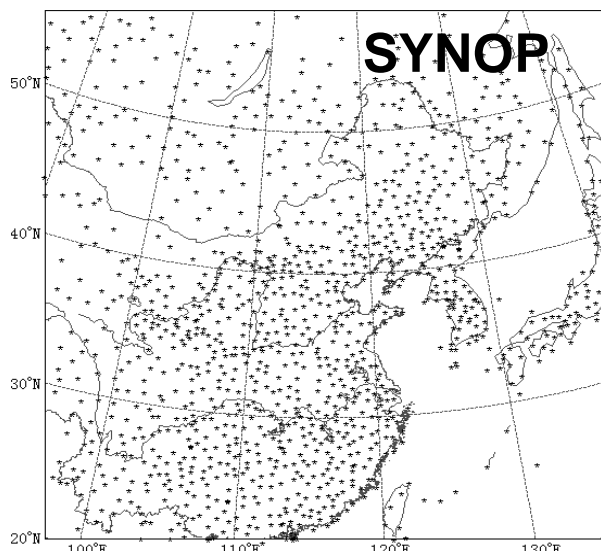
Model Domain Configuration



- ▶ D1:
 - ▶ Grid distance: 27km
 - ▶ $151 \times 151 \times 38$
- ▶ D2:
 - ▶ Grid distance: 9km
 - ▶ $142 \times 184 \times 38$
- ▶ D3:
 - ▶ Grid distance: 3km
 - ▶ $172 \times 199 \times 38$



Data Distribution

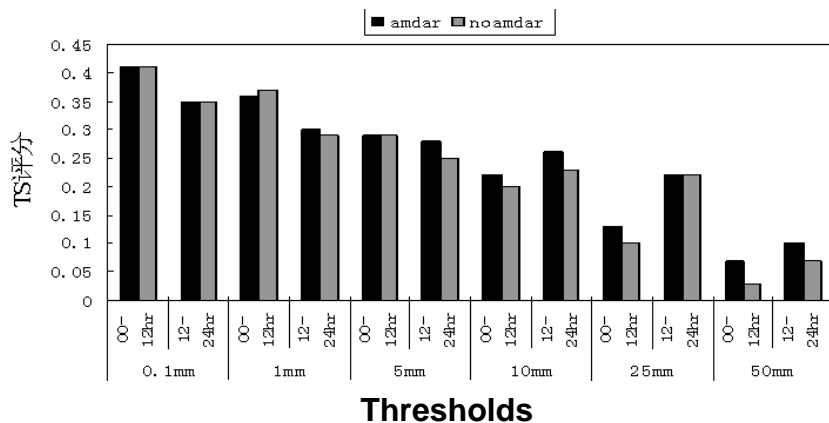


BE Tuning

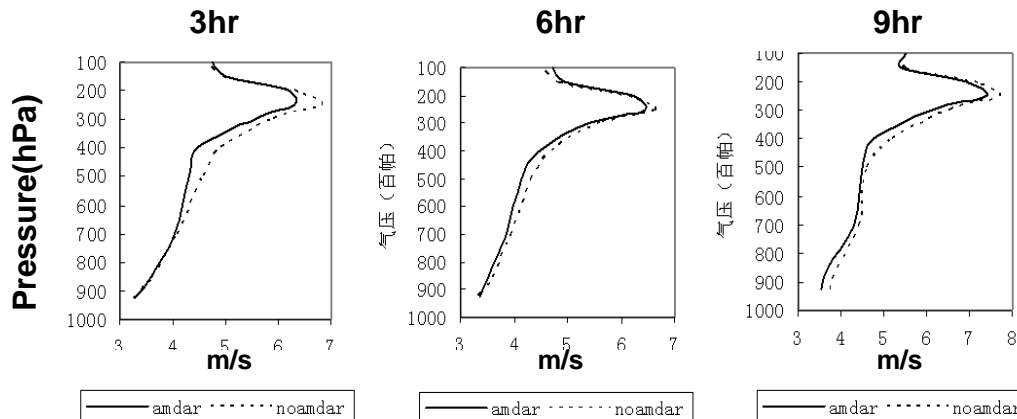
- ▶ WRF 27 km BE well tested
- ▶ WRF 9 km BE from interpolating 27 km BE:
 - ▶ Interpolate from 27 km BE.
 - ▶ Tuning and testing.
 - ▶ Can be used to start the 9 km data assimilation work.
- ▶ WRF 27 km and 9 km BE recomputed
 - ▶ Using SI+ wrfvar (BE interpolation) + WRFv2.1, the pre-operational forecasts in August 2006
 - ▶ Single observation experiments
 - ▶ AWS+GPS data assimilation experiments
- ▶ WRF 3 km BE
 - ▶ Apr 2007: Fix the bug of Gen_be software and recalculate BES for 3 domains
 - ▶ Apr 2007: Tuning var_scaling=0.5 for 3kmBES

AMDAR data assimilation

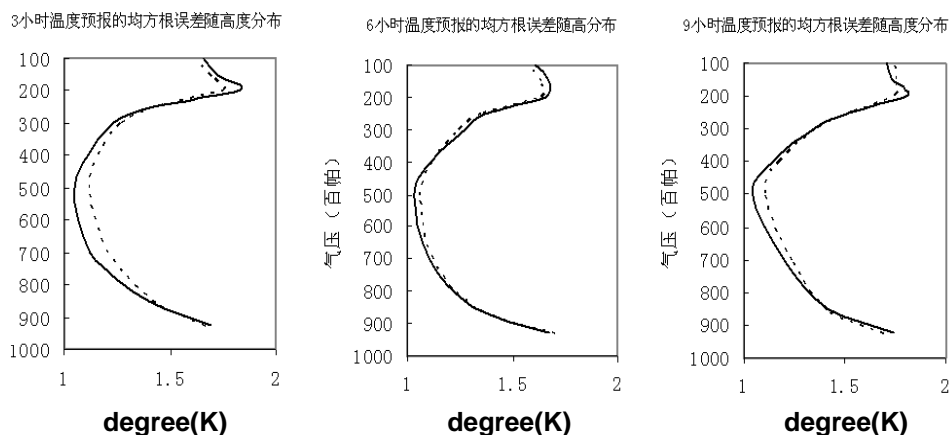
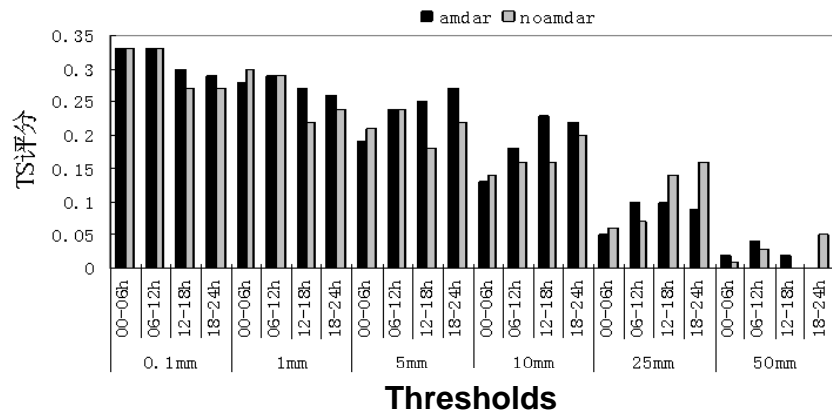
TS scores for 12-hr Accumulated Precipitation



Profiles of RMSE for wind and temperature forecast

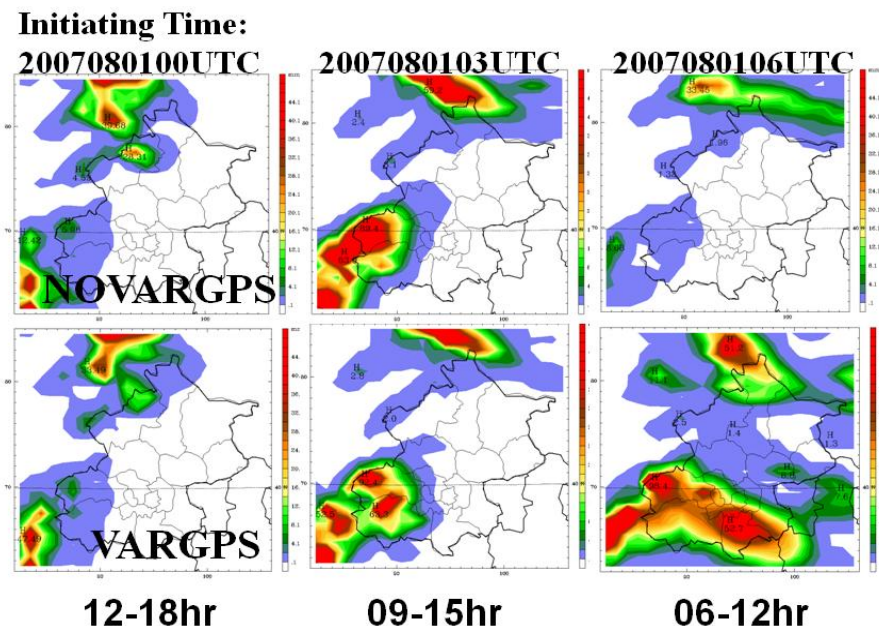
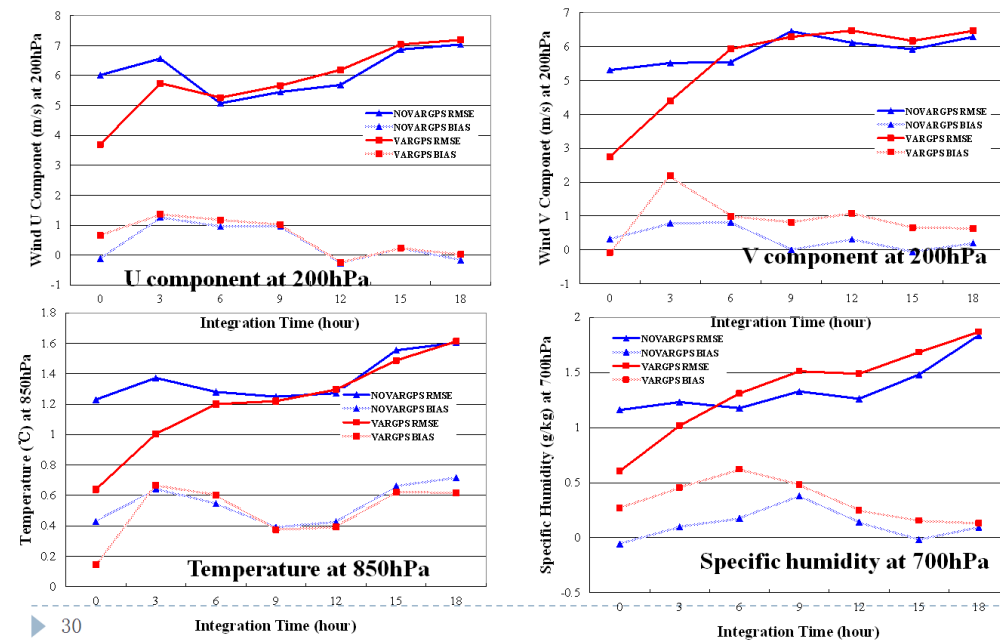


TS scores for 6-hr Accumulated Precipitation

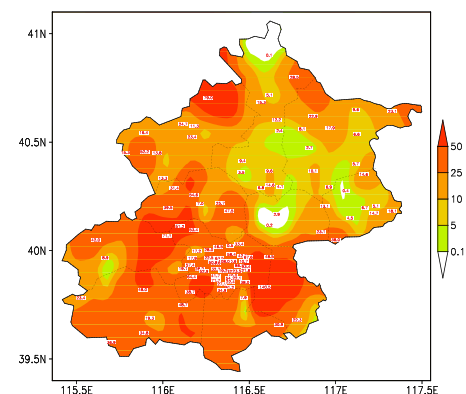


- Positive impact will be brought by assimilation of AMDAR data.
- Short-term precipitation forecast skill
- ▶ 9 • Wind and Temperature forecast qualities

Local ground-based GPS/IPW data assimilation



- Neutral impact over the whole model domain
- **Positive impact over the Beijing area!**
 - Improved skill for 0-6 hr forecast
 - accumulated assimilation effects of local GPS-IPW observations would help model to create circumstance more favorable to the formation and sustaining of the local convections



6-hr accumulated observed precipitation valid at 2007080112-18UTC

Model Configuration

- ▶ WPS(v2.2)+WRFVAR(v2.1)+WRF_ARW(v2.2)
- ▶ Physics Package
 - ▶ WSM6 Microphysics Scheme;
 - ▶ Kain-Fritsch Cumulus Scheme (cu=99) (for both 27 and 9km domains), no cumulus scheme for 3km domain;
 - ▶ YSU PBL Scheme;
 - ▶ RRTM Longwave Radiation Scheme;
 - ▶ Goddard Shortwave Radiation Scheme;
 - ▶ Noah land-surface model;
- ▶ The cycles run in cold start style at 1200UTC everyday and in warm start style for the rest cycles of the day.
- ▶ WRFVAR analysis and WRF forecasts are performed for 27, 9 and 3 km domains independently.

Performance during summer of 2008: SCORES



Performance Evaluation

- ▶ Data:
 - ▶ 00UTC | June~21 UTC 30 Sep, 2008
 - ▶ 3-hr updated interval
 - ▶ 3km domain
- ▶ Verified against:
 - ▶ Precipitation Verification: 171 AWS stations in Beijing area
 - ▶ Objective Verification: surface and sounding observations
- ▶ **BJT (Beijing Time) = UTC + 8hr**

Diurnal cycle of the accumulated 3-hr precipitation (mm) during the period 1970-2000 in Beijing area

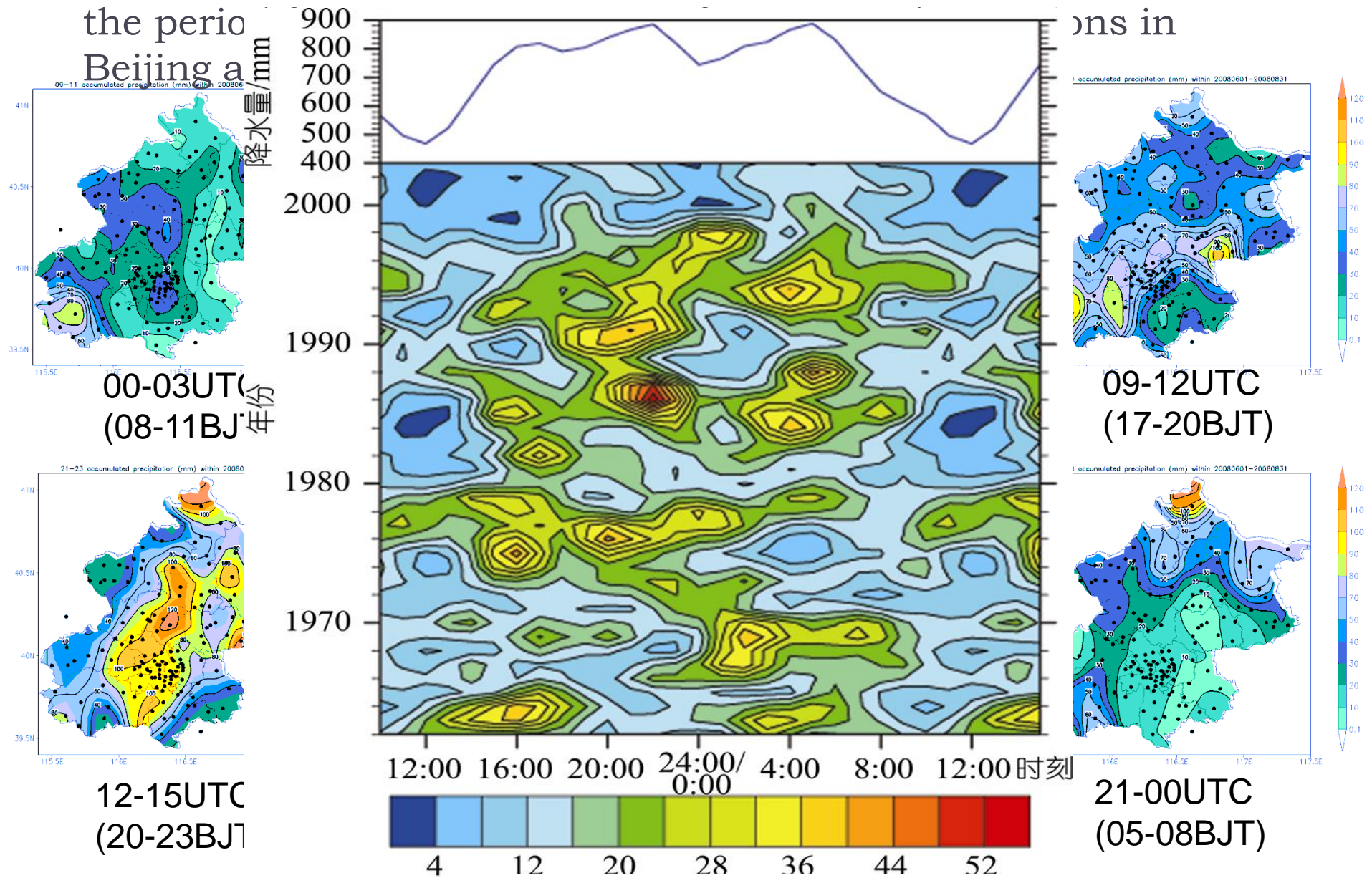
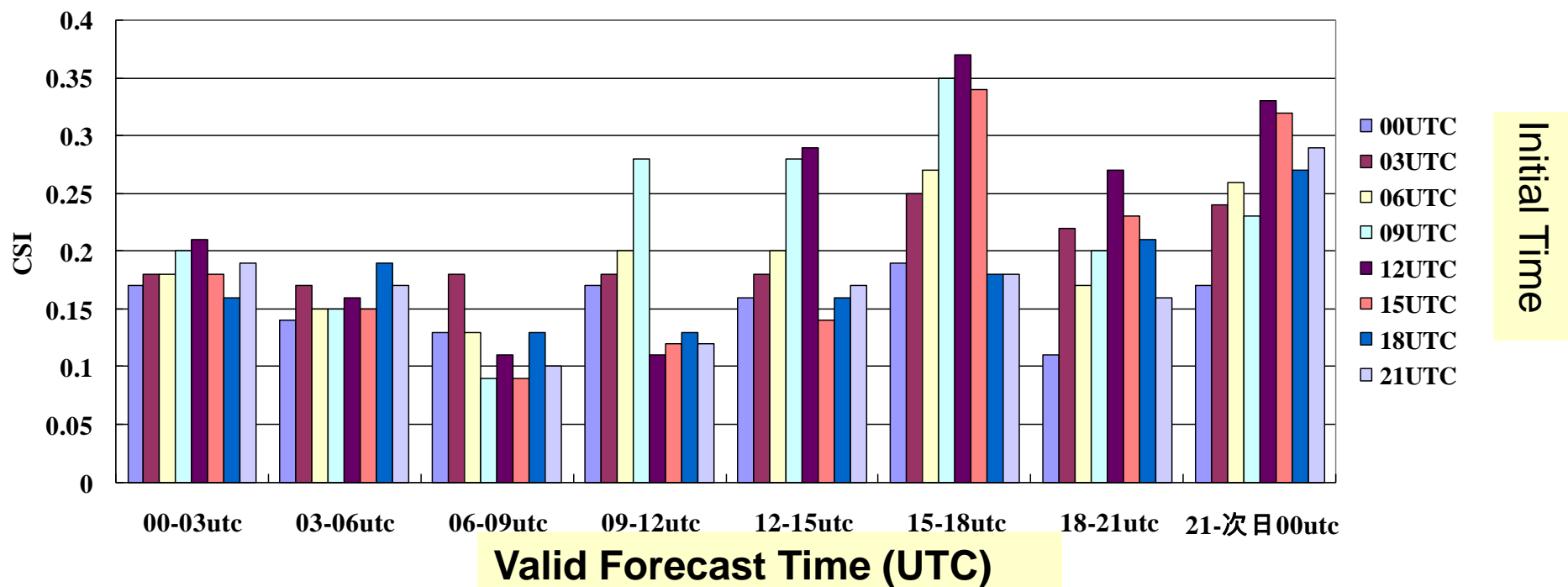


Diagram of the 1-hr accumulated precipitation for 43 years in Beijing (Li, Yu and Wang, 2008)

-
- ▶ In each 3-hr period such as 00-03utc, 03-06utc,...,21-00utc, there're 8 comparable forecasts from cycles with different initial time. We have to answer the questions raised from the forecasters:
 - ▶ *Which cycle had the best forecast skill for each 3-hr period?*
 - ▶ *For each cycle initiating from different time, how about its forecast performance for the diurnal cycle of precipitation in Beijing area?*

Precipitation Scores

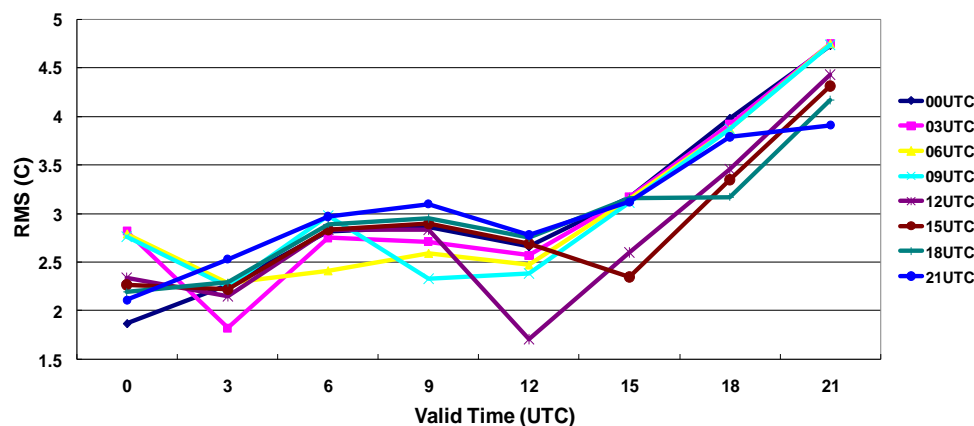
1mm/3hr



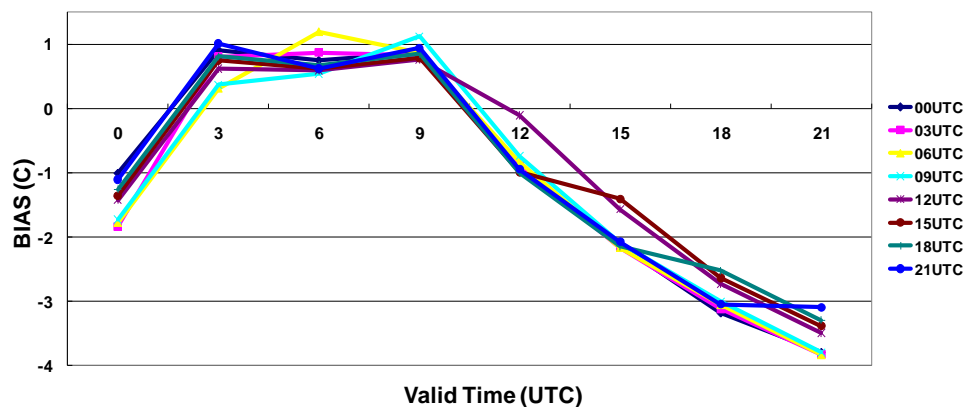
- ▶ For the precipitation mostly occurring during late afternoon and nighttime, the runs initiating from **06,09,12,15UTC** would have better forecast performance.
- ▶ The spin-up problem has been greatly ameliorated by utilizing the rapid updated cycling data assimilation and forecast style.

Objective Verification --- 2-m Temperature

2-m Temperature



2-m Temperature

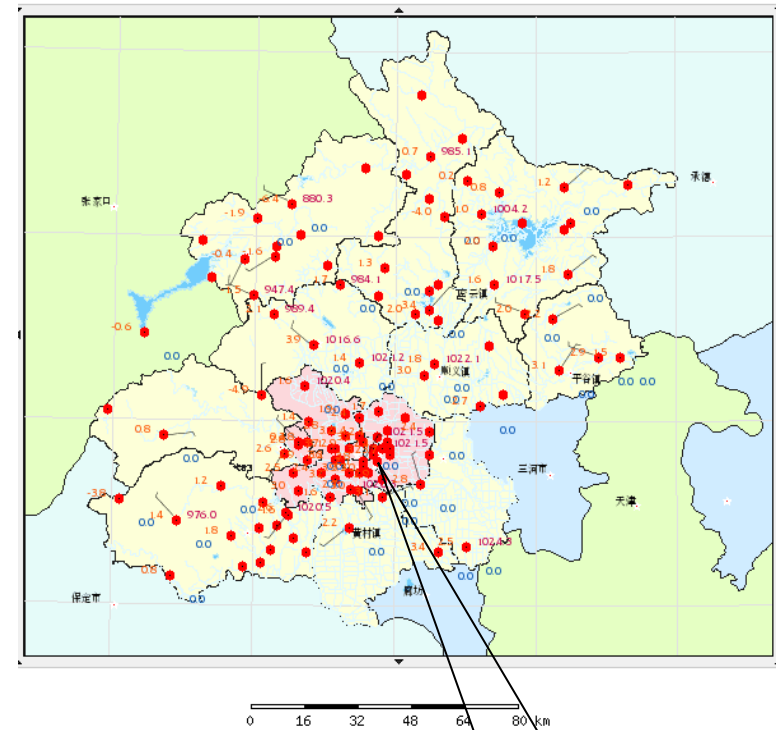


- ▶ Significant systematic error for 2-m temperature.
- ▶ Analysis did have the best quality.
- ▶ Significant distances between analysis and 3-hr forecast of previous cycles.
- ▶ Initial conditions with latest observations assimilated would have positive impacts on forecast quality at least during the first 6-hr integrations

Performance during summer of 2008: CASES

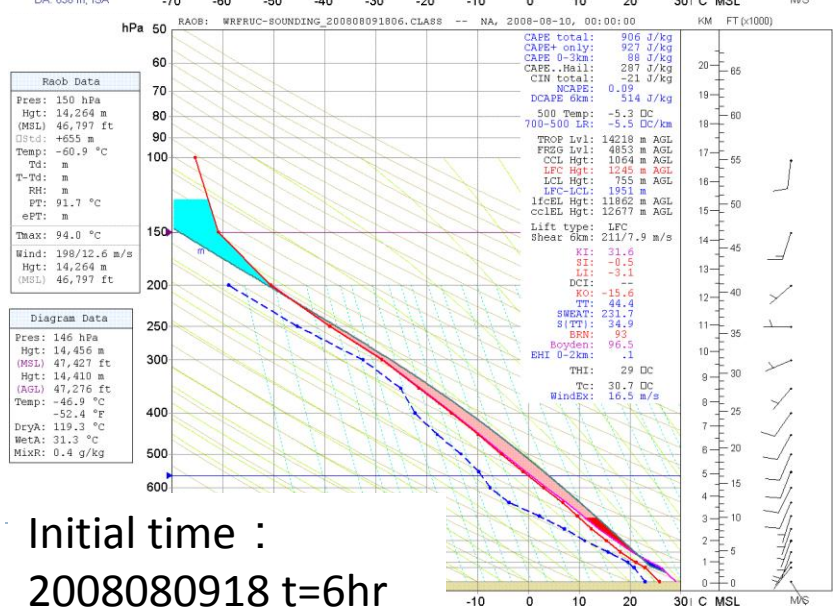
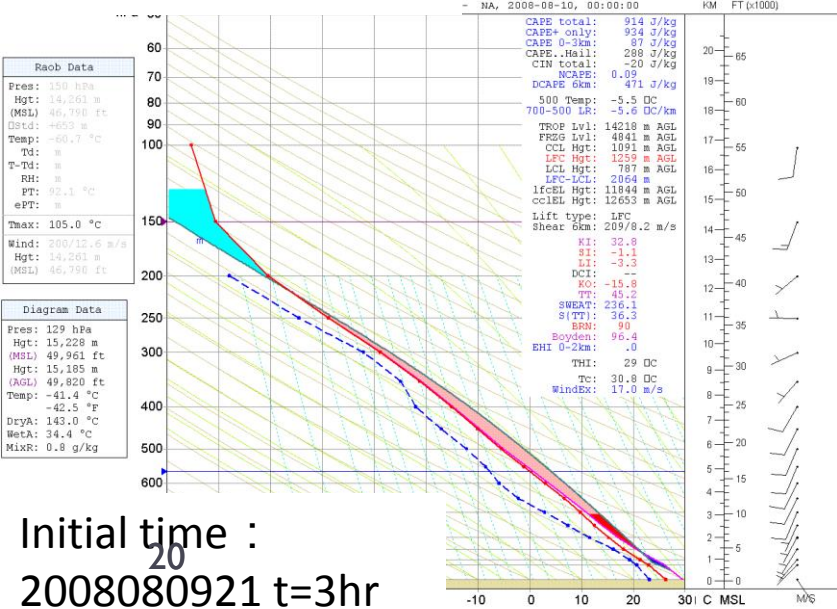
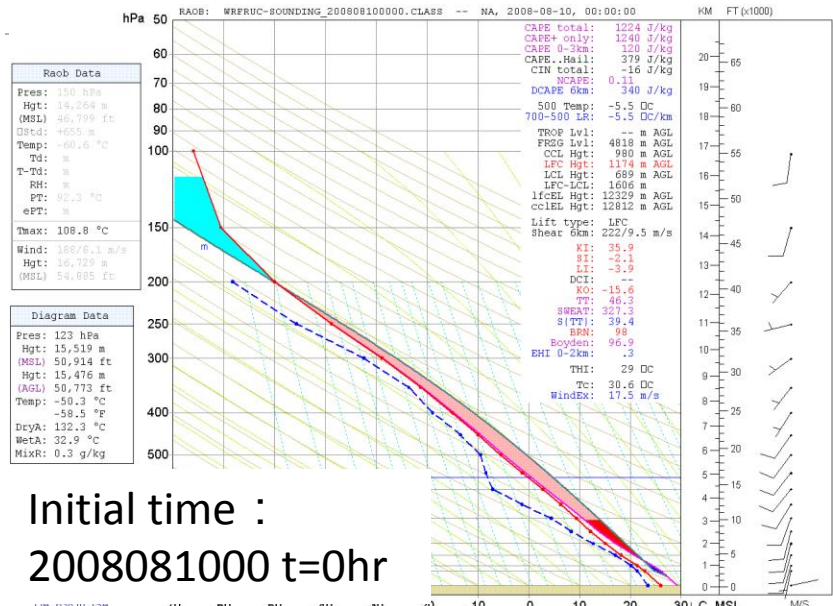
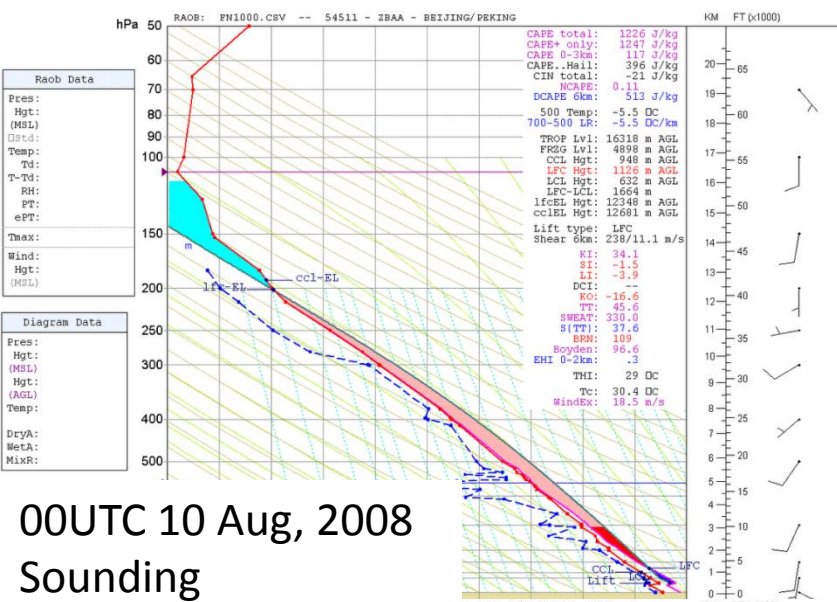
CASE 1 : 10 Aug, 2008

*large-scale rain band disrupts
afternoon events*



54511

For 2008081000---Good analysis and forecasts



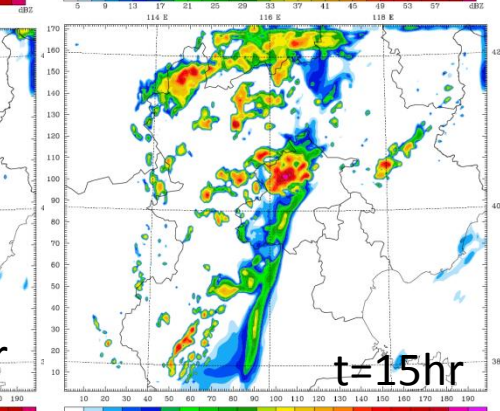
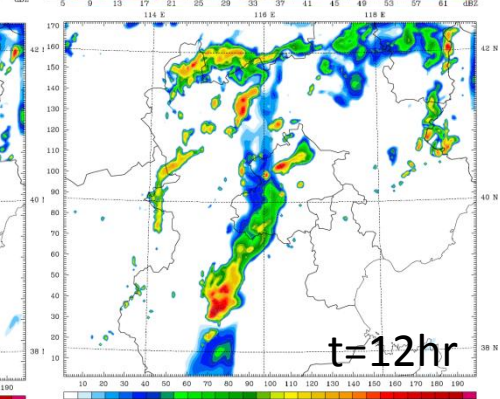
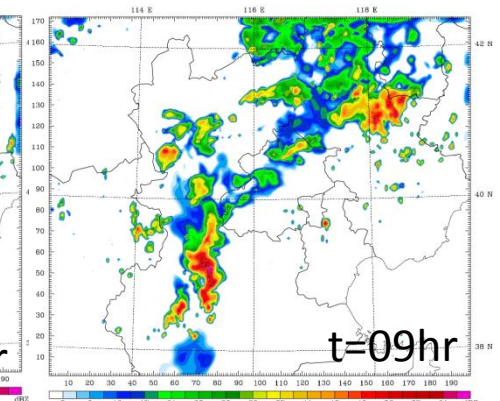
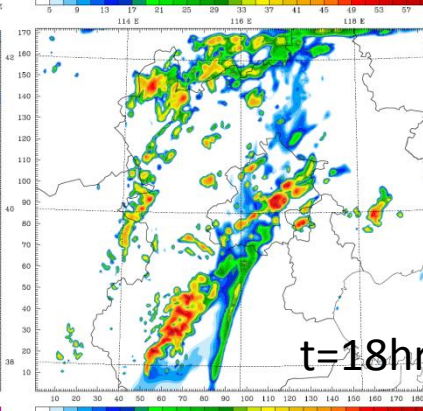
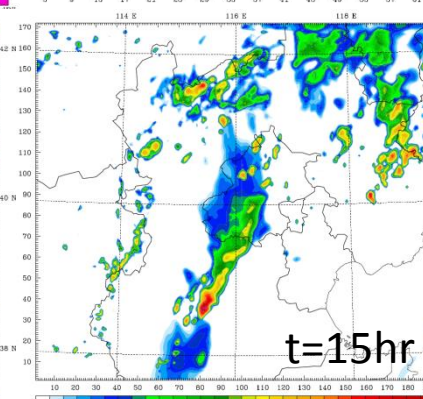
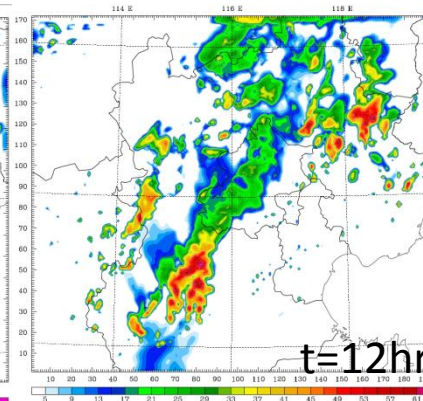
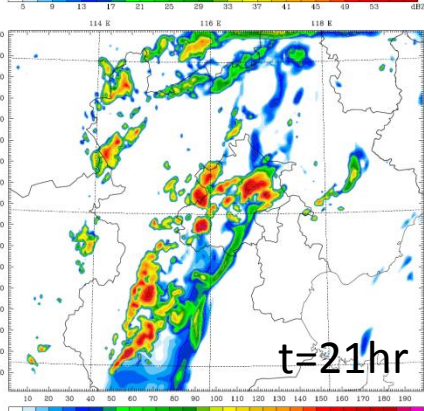
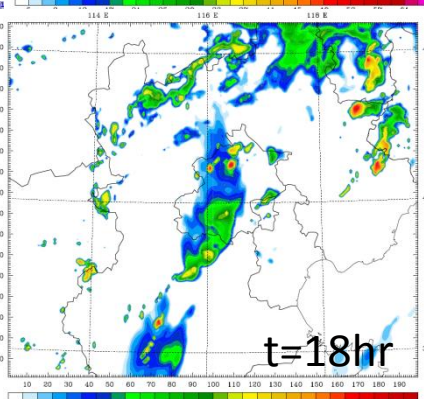
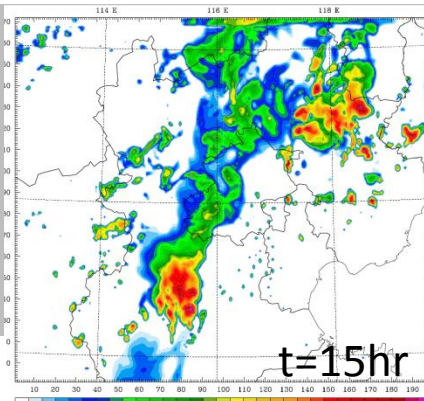
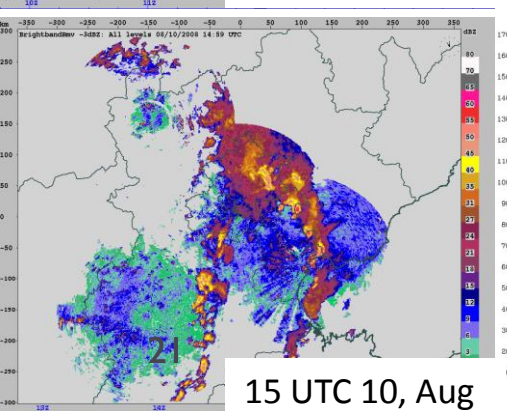
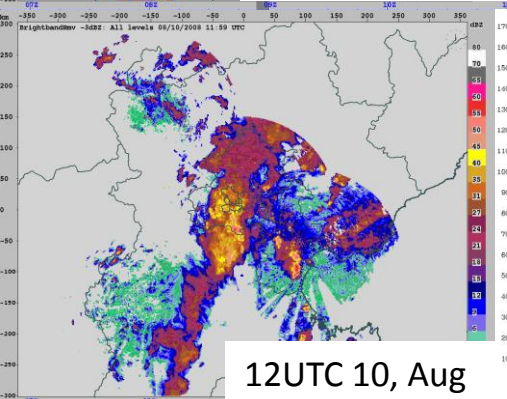
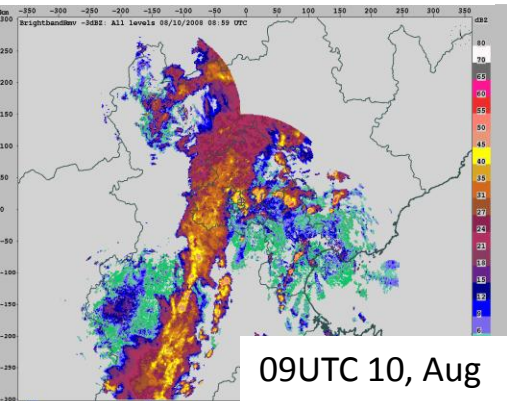
Forecasted dBZ--- is there any potential of blending for this case?

Observed reflectivity

Initial time: 2008080918

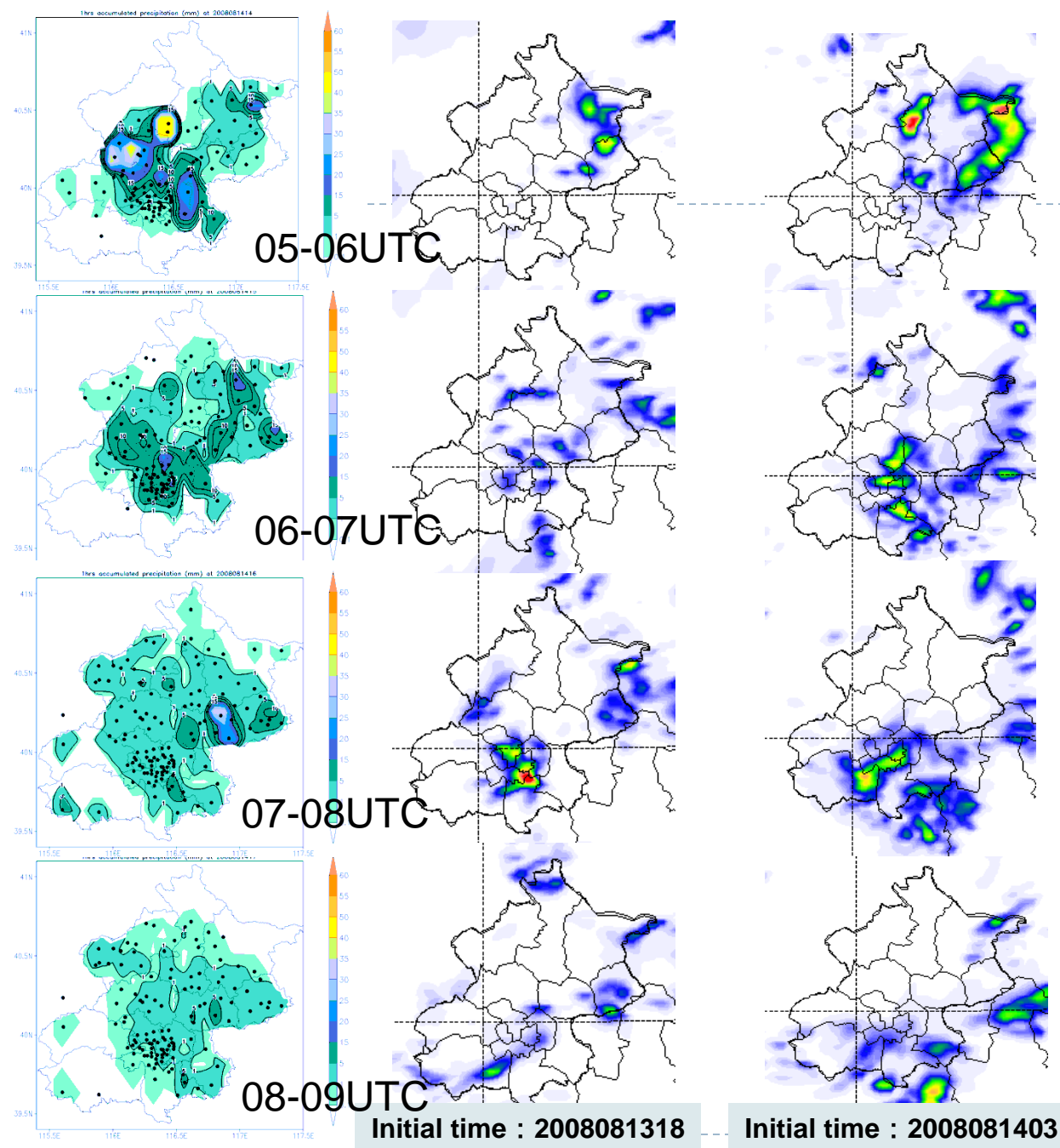
2008080921

2008081000

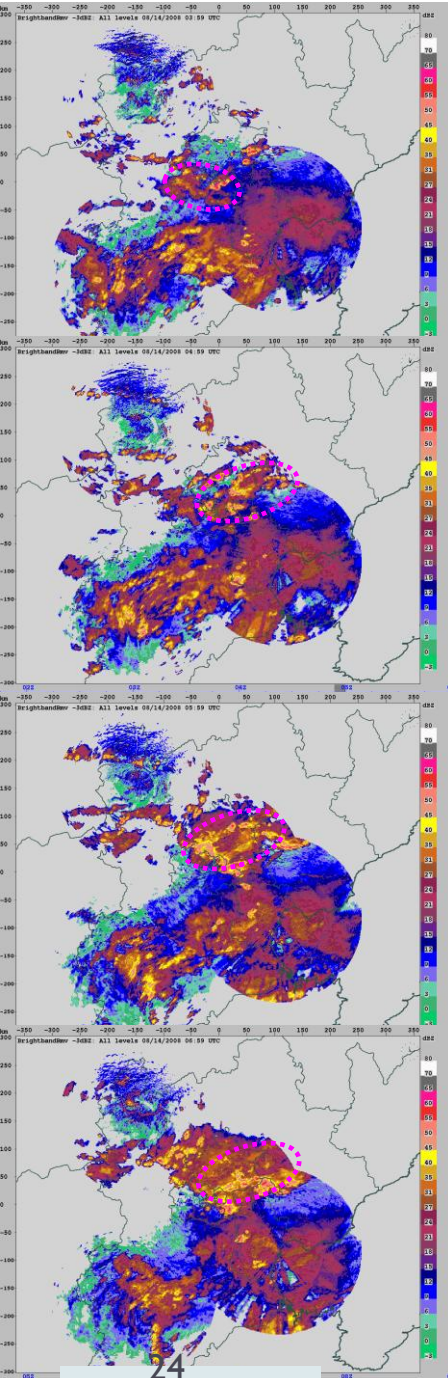


CASE 2 : 14 Aug, 2008

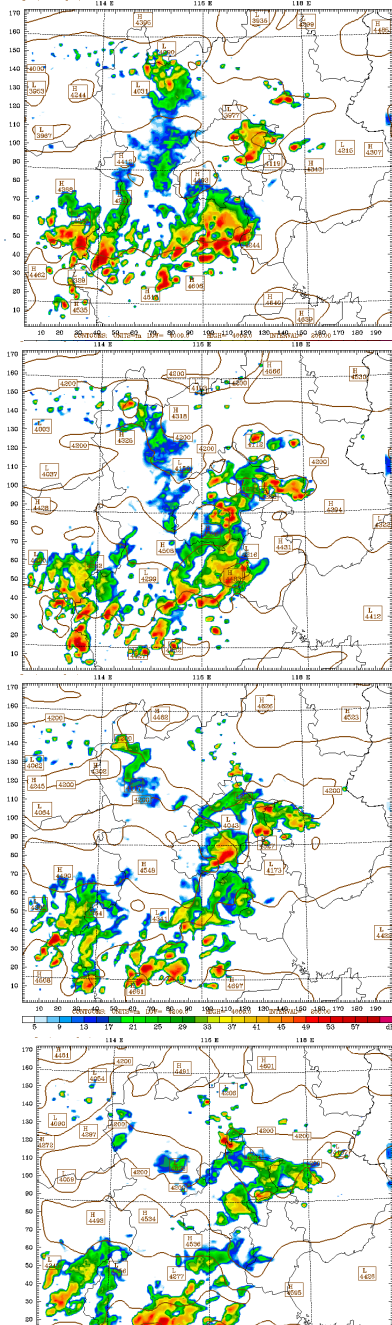
heavy afternoon thunderstorms postpone outdoor events



- ▶ Several cycles have forecasted the rainfall.
- ▶ Locations can't be exactly match with the observed but the occurring time was well forecasted.

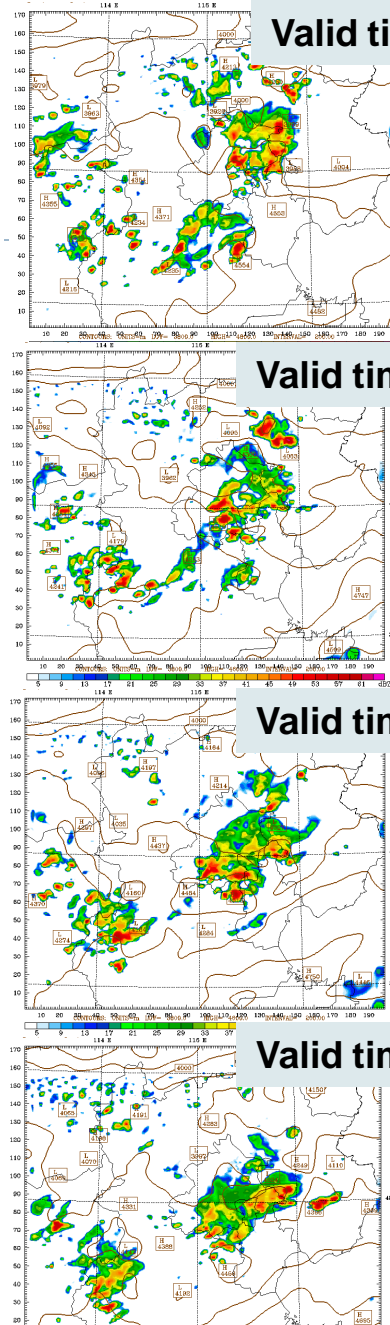


Observed



Initial time : 2008081318

Forecasted



Initial time : 2008081403

Valid time: 06UTC 14 Aug, 2008

Valid time: 07UTC 14 Aug, 2008

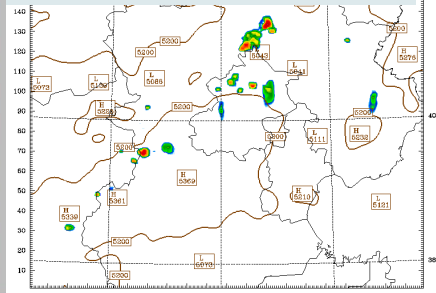
Valid time: 08UTC 14 Aug, 2008

Valid time: 09UTC 14 Aug, 2008

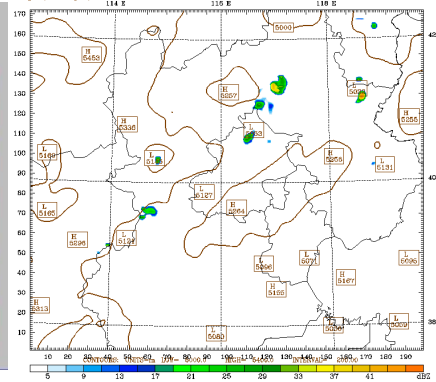
Opening and Closing Ceremony

Opening Ceremony- 08 Aug 2008

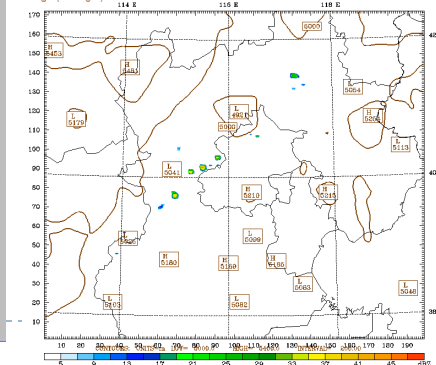
Initiating from 2008080809



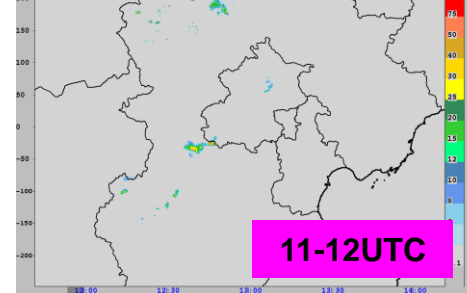
Dataset: 2008080809 RIP: ppdbzv Init: 0900 UTC Fri 08 Aug 08
Fest: 4.00 h Valid: 1300 UTC Fri 08 Aug 08 (2100 LST Fri 08 Aug 08)
Reflectivity(T=-20 dg C)
Height(T=-20 dg C)



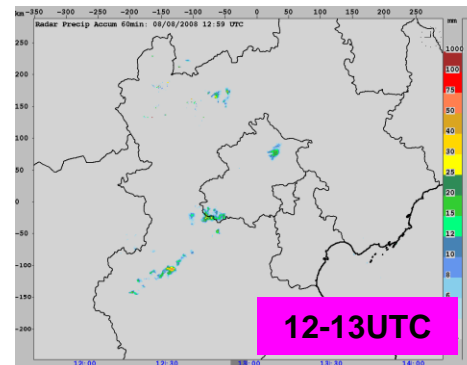
Dataset: 2008060809 RIP: pddbzv Init: 0900 UTC Fri 08 Aug 08
Fest: 5.00 h Valid: 1400 UTC Fri 08 Aug 08 (2200 LST Fri 08 Aug 08)
Reflectivity(T=-20 dg C)
Reliab(T=-20 dg C)



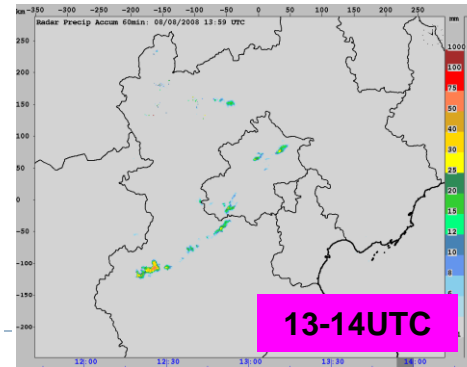
Model Info: V2.2 M No Cu YSU PBL WSM Scheme Noah LSM 3.0 km, 37 levels, 17 sec
LM, RRTM SW: Goddard DIFF: simple KM: 2D Smagor



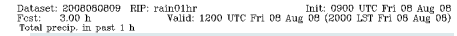
11-12UTC



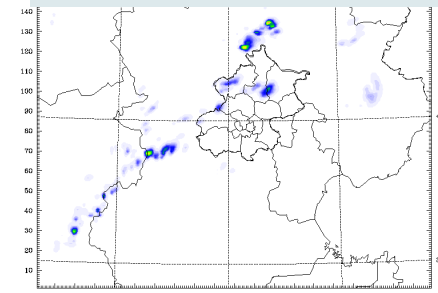
12-13UTC



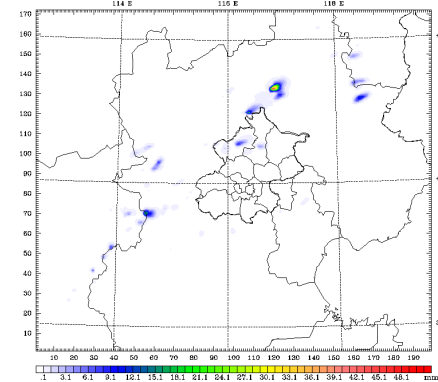
13-14UTC



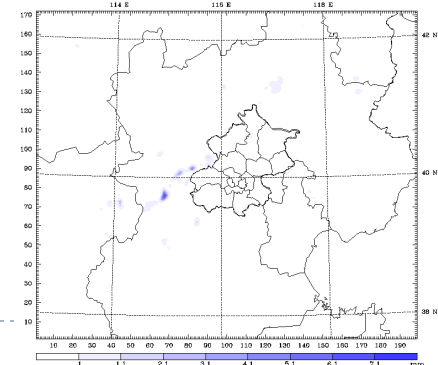
Forecasted Prcp



Dataset: 2008060809 RIP: rain01hr Init: 0900 UTC Fri 08 Aug 08
Fest: 4.00 h Valid: 1300 UTC Fri 08 Aug 08 (2100 LST Fri 08 Aug 08)
Total precip. in past 1 h



Dataset: 2008060809 RIP: rain01hr Init: 0900 UTC Fri 08 Aug 08
Fest: 5.00 h Valid: 1400 UTC Fri 08 Aug 08 (2200 LST Fri 08 Aug 08)
Total precip. in past 1 h



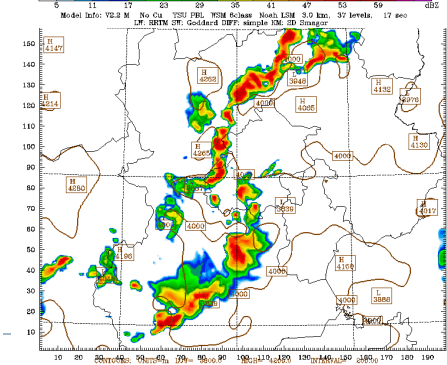
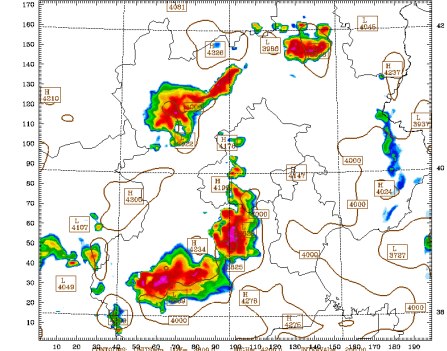
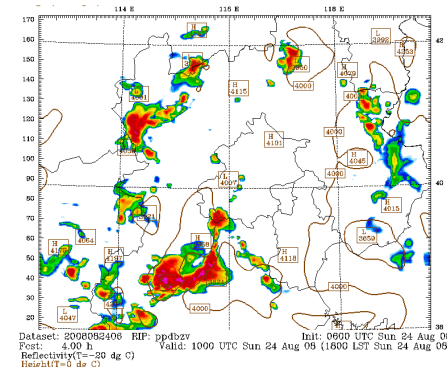
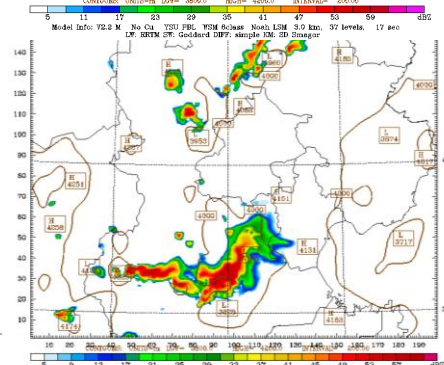
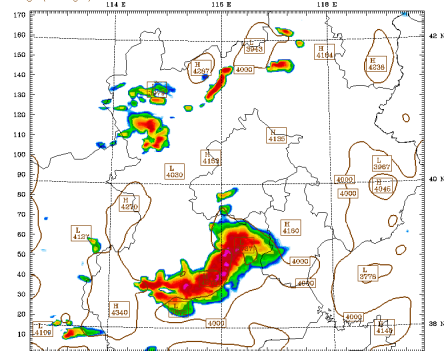
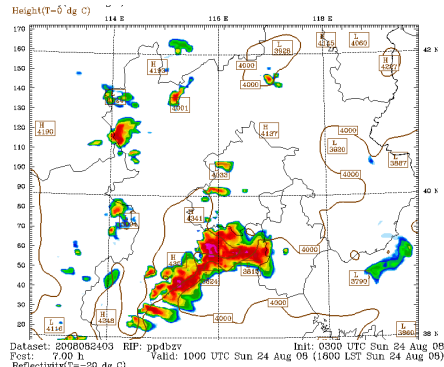
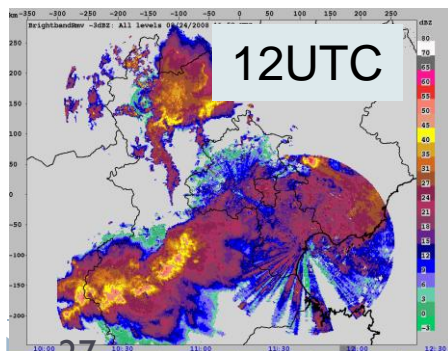
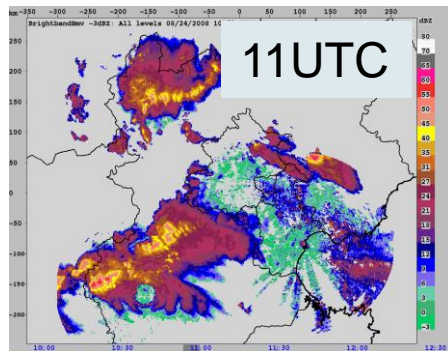
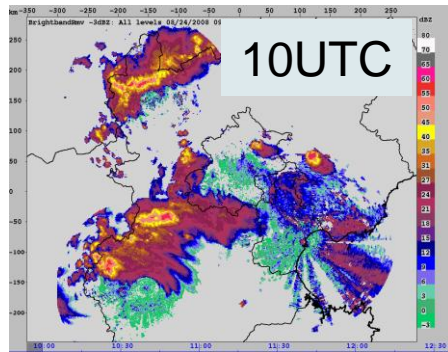
Model Info: V2.2 M No Cu YSU PBL WDM Scheme Noah LSM 3.0 km, 37 levels, 17 sec
 LW: RRTM SW: Goddard ODF: simple ISM: 2D Strangor

Closing Ceremony– 24 Aug, 2008

Radar Mosaic

Initiating from 2008082403

Initiating from 2008082406



Outside of the Bird-nest at the night of the opening ceremony



Thank you!!

